

Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Hemet Unified School District





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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Governing Board Hemet Unified School District Hemet, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hemet Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hemet Unified School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 1 and Note 17 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, for the year ended June 30, 2023. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the governmental activities net position as of July 1, 2022, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability -MPP program, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - CalSTRS, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - CalPERS, schedule of the District's contributions - CalSTRS, and schedule of the District's contributions - CalPERS, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 29, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Esde Sailly LLP

February 29, 2024



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Darrin Watters

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Nereyda Gonzalez, Ed.D.
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This section of Hemet Unified School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2023, with comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets and right-to-use subscription IT assets), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term liabilities) and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of the three categories of activities: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

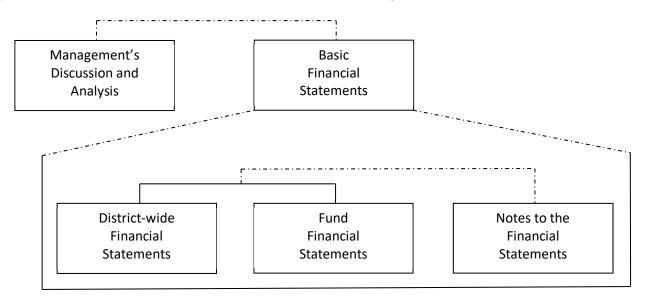
- The *Governmental Funds* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The *Proprietary Funds* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- The *Fiduciary Funds* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Hemet Unified School District.

Figure 1

Organization of Hemet Unified School District's Annual Financial Report



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE PAST YEAR

- Total net position increased by \$141,232,013 over the prior year for a new net position of \$273,095,756.
- Revenues, transfers in, and other financing sources for all funds, including bond issuances, totaled \$545,047,712 and \$15,686,085, for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.
 Expenses, transfers out and other uses totaled \$405,934,533 and \$23,826,783, for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.
- The General Fund audited ending fund balance totaled \$212,150,740. This represents an increase of \$91,293,569 from the prior year.
- New General Obligation Bonds of \$30,000,000 were issued in 2022-2023.
- The District filed a positive status with both its First and Second Interim reports in 2022-2023. Both the First and Second Interim reports were certified positive by the District's Governing Board and subsequently affirmed by the Riverside County Office of Education.

DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. Since the Board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we separate the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State and local grants, as well as certificates of participation, finance these activities.

Business-Type Activities - The District charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's transportation operations are included in this category.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds - The District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following the governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position*. In fact, the District's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities, such as the District's Self-Insurance Fund. The internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

THE DISTRICT AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for funds held on behalf of others. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The total net position was \$273,095,756 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants, grantors, constitutional provisions, and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1

	Govern Activ			ss-Type vities	Total			
	1	2022				2022		
	2023	as restated	2023	2022	2023	as restated		
Assets Current and other assets	\$428,637,225	\$294,530,332	\$ 13,841,389	\$ 15,940,978	\$442,478,614	\$310,471,310		
Capital assets and right-to-use subscription IT assets	487,333,961	444,283,625	12,248,689	12,314,547	499,582,650	456,598,172		
Total assets	915,971,186	738,813,957	26,090,078	28,255,525	942,061,264	767,069,482		
Deferred outflows of resources	85,773,566	64,141,246	6,673,079	2,556,251	92,446,645	66,697,497		
Liabilities								
Current liabilities	72,986,065	42,453,780	528,006	1,132,791	73,514,071	43,586,571		
Long-term liabilities	619,891,834	507,315,987	24,520,080	11,505,653	644,411,914	518,821,640		
Total liabilities	692,877,899	549,769,767	25,048,086	12,638,444	717,925,985	562,408,211		
Deferred inflows of resources	42,074,566	135,765,860	1,411,602	3,729,165	43,486,168	139,495,025		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	239,391,129	218,146,952	10,775,987	10,246,085	250,167,116	228,393,037		
Restricted	156,211,453	81,420,253	-	-	156,211,453	81,420,253		
Unrestricted	(128,810,295)	(182,147,629)	(4,472,518)	4,198,082	(133,282,813)	(177,949,547)		
Total net position	\$266,792,287	\$117,419,576	\$ 6,303,469	\$ 14,444,167	\$273,095,756	\$131,863,743		

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 17. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement for the year.

Table 2

		imental vities	Busines Activ	ss-Type vities	Total			
	2023	2022*	2023	2022*	2023	2022*		
Revenues Program revenues Charges for services and								
sales	\$ 4,087,930	\$ 6,694,554	\$ 14,584,515	\$ 18,331,530	\$ 18,672,445	\$ 25,026,084		
Operating grants and contributions General revenues Federal and State aid	160,659,616	115,708,403	992,887	991,264	161,652,503	116,699,667		
not restricted	263,789,242	230,496,108	-	-	263,789,242	230,496,108		
Property taxes	69,680,670	62,158,911	-	-	69,680,670	62,158,911		
Other general revenues	al revenues 46,830,254 25,596		108,683	(249,767)	46,938,937	25,346,358		
Total revenues	545,047,712	440,654,101	15,686,085	19,073,027	560,733,797	459,727,128		
Expenses								
Instruction-related	267,158,513	241,287,128	-	-	267,158,513	241,287,128		
Pupil services	55,716,785	47,339,775	-	-	55,716,785	47,339,775		
Administration	30,436,777	28,456,751	-	-	30,436,777	28,456,751		
Plant services	32,592,387	29,899,915	-	-	32,592,387	29,899,915		
All other services	14,900,305	15,515,511	23,826,783	5,029,744	38,727,088	20,545,255		
Total expenses	400,804,767	362,499,080	23,826,783	5,029,744	424,631,550	367,528,824		
Transfers	5,129,766		-		5,129,766			
Change in net								
position	\$149,372,711	\$ 78,155,021	\$ (8,140,698)	\$ 14,043,283	\$ 141,232,013	\$ 92,198,304		

^{*} The revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2022 were not restated to show the effects of GASB Statement No. 96 for comparative purposes.

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 17, the cost of all governmental activities in 2022-2023 was \$400,804,767. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was \$69,680,670. The remaining cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs \$4,087,930, or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with \$160,659,616 in grants and contributions. The remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities were paid with \$263,789,242 in Federal and State aid and \$46,830,254 with other General Fund revenue sources such as interest and general entitlements.

In Table 3, we have presented the cost and net cost of each of the District's largest functions: instruction-related including, special instruction programs and other instructional programs, pupil services, administration, plant services, all other services, and transportation. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

	Total Cost	of Se	of Services			Net Cost	of	of Services			
	2023		2022*			2023			2022*		
Instruction-related Pupil services Administration Plant services All other services	\$ 267,158,513 55,716,785 30,436,777 32,592,387 14,900,305	\$	241,287,128 47,339,775 28,456,751 29,899,915 15,515,511	_	\$	(158,959,493) (25,613,355) (17,071,845) (30,095,871) (4,316,657)		\$	(165,104,696) (22,198,338) (16,080,548) (28,113,542) (8,598,999)		
Total	400,804,767		362,499,080			(236,057,221)			(240,096,123)		
Transportation	23,826,783		5,029,744			(8,249,381)			14,293,050		
Total	\$ 424,631,550	\$	367,528,824		\$	(244,306,602)		\$	(225,803,073)		

^{*} The total and net cost of services for fiscal year 2022 were not restated to show the effects of GASB Statement No. 96 for comparative purposes.

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Upon completion of the 2022-2023 fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$349,563,686 an increase of \$104,065,958 from 2021-2022 (Table 4).

Table 4

	Balances and Activity											
		Revenues and Expenditure Other Financing and Other										
Governmental Fund	J	une 30, 2022		Sources	Fi	nancing Uses		une 30, 2023				
General	\$	120,857,171	\$	482,516,260	\$	391,222,691	\$	212,150,740				
Student Activity		1,819,661		2,395,815		2,290,826		1,924,650				
Charter Schools		654,034		12,319,091		10,399,713		2,573,412				
Adult Education		145,473		838,911		846,619		137,765				
Child Development		573,422		2,581,829		2,443,161		712,090				
Cafeteria		3,386,478		19,693,890		15,750,629		7,329,739				
Building		51,064,062		31,351,310		35,844,493		46,570,879				
Capital Facilities		22,641,546		14,199,166		6,267,156		30,573,556				
Special Reserve Fund for Capital												
Outlay Projects		17,369,617		58,304		4,726,180		12,701,741				
Capital Projects for Blended Component Units		3,671,815		3,747,369		817,274		6,601,910				
Bond Interest and Redemption		23,314,444		21,330,521		16,358,898		28,286,067				
Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units		5		3,994,369		3,993,237		1,137				
Total	\$	245,497,728	\$	595,026,835	\$	490,960,877	\$	349,563,686				

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on June 20, 2023. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in this annual financial report on page 84.)

CAPITAL ASSETS, RIGHT-TO-USE SUBSCRIPTION IT ASSETS, AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Subscription IT Assets

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$499,204,291 in a broad range of capital assets and right-to-use subscription IT assets (net of depreciation and amortization), (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$42,955,921, or 9.42%, over the prior year (Table 5).

Table 5

Govern	mental	В	usiness-T	уре		
Activ	/ities		Activitie	!S	To	tal
	2022					2022
2023	as restated	2023		2022 2023		as restated
\$ 109,955,532	\$ 53,027,118	\$	- \$	-	\$ 109,955,532	\$ 53,027,118
366,081,475	382,259,408		-	-	366,081,475	382,259,408
10,918,595	8,647,297	12,248,	589	12,314,547	23,167,284	20,961,844
n						
378,359	349,802				378,359	349,802
\$ 487,333,961	\$ 444,283,625	\$ 12,248,	589 \$	12,314,547	\$ 499,582,650	\$ 456,598,172
	Active 2023 \$ 109,955,532 366,081,475 10,918,595 1 378,359	2023 as restated \$ 109,955,532 \$ 53,027,118 366,081,475 382,259,408 10,918,595 8,647,297 378,359 349,802	Activities 2022 2023 as restated 2023 \$ 109,955,532 \$ 53,027,118 \$ 366,081,475 382,259,408 10,918,595 8,647,297 12,248,61 378,359 349,802	Activities 2022 2023 as restated 2023 \$ 109,955,532 \$ 53,027,118 \$ - \$ 366,081,475 382,259,408 - 10,918,595 8,647,297 12,248,689	Activities Activities 2022 2023 as restated 2023 2022 \$ 109,955,532 \$ 53,027,118 \$ - \$ - 366,081,475 382,259,408 10,918,595 8,647,297 12,248,689 12,314,547 378,359 349,802	Activities Activities To 2022 2023 as restated 2023 2022 2023 \$ 109,955,532 \$ 53,027,118 \$ - \$ - \$ 109,955,532 366,081,475 382,259,408 366,081,475 10,918,595 8,647,297 12,248,689 12,314,547 23,167,284

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of this year, the District had \$644,411,914 in long-term liabilities outstanding versus \$518,821,640 last year, an increase of \$125,590,274, or 24.21%. Those long-term liabilities consisted of:

Table 6

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type			
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	Total		
	2022					2022	
	2023	as restated	2023	2022	2023	as restated	
Lang Tarre Liabilities							
Long-Term Liabilities	4050 500 000	4004 440 000			4050 500 000	224 442 222	
General obligation bonds	\$252,580,000	\$231,110,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$252,580,000	231,110,000	
Certificates of participation	35,945,000	38,410,000	-	-	35,945,000	38,410,000	
Unamortized premiums	14,606,301	13,544,801	-	-	14,606,301	13,544,801	
Unamortized discounts	(76,614)	(87,886)	-	-	(76,614)	(87,886)	
Financed purchase agreements	-	-	1,472,702	2,068,462	1,472,702	2,068,462	
Subscription-based IT arrangements	363,130	319,852	-	-	363,130	319,852	
Supplemental early							
retirement plan	3,432,555	4,576,740	-	-	3,432,555	4,576,740	
Compensated absences	636,775	1,884,612	87,865	322,193	724,640	2,206,805	
Claims liability	10,189,130	8,927,764	-	-	10,189,130	8,927,764	
Net OPEB liability	31,818,187	30,114,372	2,400,376	2,297,592	34,218,563	32,411,964	
Aggregate net pension							
liability	270,397,370	178,515,732	20,559,137	6,817,406	290,956,507	185,333,138	
			·				
Total	\$619,891,834	\$507,315,987	\$ 24,520,080	\$ 11,505,653	\$644,411,914	\$518,821,640	

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Table 7 lists the District's 2023-2024 budget assumptions. These assumptions were based on the most current information available to the District at the time the budget was adopted on June 20, 2023. Budgetary goals were developed and prioritized by the District's leadership team and governing board. Input provided by these two groups was used as the framework to develop the District's 2023-2024 budget, which includes site and department allocations for both staffing and operating budgets.

Table 7

2023-2024 Budget Assumptions

Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) (applied to LCFF targeted base):	8.22%
Additional LCFF Investment to Base:	0.00%
Enrollment (excluding charters):	21,878
Enrollment Growth (Decline):	250
ADA – Average Daily Attendance:	19,518.71
ADA – Funded:	19,869.36
ADA Percentage:	89.22%
Salary Increase:	13.00%
One-time off schedule:	0.00%
Step and Column (Certificated) percent of salaries:	1.75%
Step and Column (Classified) percent of salaries:	1.45%
Deferred/Routine Maintenance - Percent of Total Expenditures:	3.00%
New Schools/(School Closures):	0
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties:	5.00%

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information contact the Deputy Superintendent, at Hemet Unified School District, 1791 West Acacia Avenue, Hemet, California, 92545-3797, or e-mail at: dwatters@hemetusd.org.

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Deposits and investments	\$ 370,576,094	\$ 14,202,706	\$ 384,778,800
Receivables	54,138,370	2,359,595	56,497,965
Internal balances	2,720,912	(2,720,912)	-
Stores inventories	1,201,849	-	1,201,849
Capital assets not depreciated	109,955,532	-	109,955,532
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	377,000,070	12,248,689	389,248,759
Right-to-use subscription IT assets,			
net of accumulated amortization	378,359		378,359
Total assets	915,971,186	26,090,078	942,061,264
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	2 202 100		2 202 100
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	2,302,196	- 04 500	2,302,196
	1,820,091	94,589	1,914,680
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	81,651,279	6,578,490	88,229,769
Total deferred outflows of resources	85,773,566	6,673,079	92,446,645
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	20.042.000	528,006	20 471 904
Interest payable	29,943,888 3,894,065	528,000	30,471,894 3,894,065
Unearned revenue	39,148,112	-	39,148,112
Long-term liabilities	39,148,112	-	39,148,112
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and			
pensions due within one year	14,299,427	611,075	14,910,502
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and	14,233,427	011,075	14,910,302
pensions due in more than one year	303,376,850	949,492	304,326,342
Net other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB)	31,818,187	2,400,376	34,218,563
Aggregate net pension liability	270,397,370	20,559,137	290,956,507
00 -02		20,000,107	
Total liabilities	692,877,899	25,048,086	717,925,985

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 10,983,455 31,091,111	\$ 570,806 840,796	\$ 11,554,261 31,931,907
Total deferred inflows of resources	42,074,566	1,411,602	43,486,168
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for Debt service Capital projects Educational programs Other restrictions Unrestricted	239,391,129 24,393,139 30,573,556 89,769,520 11,475,238 (128,810,295)	10,775,987 - - - - (4,472,518)	250,167,116 24,393,139 30,573,556 89,769,520 11,475,238 (133,282,813)
Total net position	\$ 266,792,287	\$ 6,303,469	\$ 273,095,756

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in

			Program	Reve	enues	Net Position				
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for ervices and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities										
Instruction	\$	215,307,787	\$ 26,161	\$	68,685,897	\$ (146,595,729)	\$	-	\$	(146,595,729)
Instruction-related activities										
Supervision of instruction		26,010,489	22,315		22,572,919	(3,415,255)		-		(3,415,255)
Instructional library, media, and technology		2,550,171	-		10,981,931	8,431,760		-		8,431,760
School site administration		23,290,066	953		5,908,844	(17,380,269)		-		(17,380,269)
Pupil services										
Home-to-school transportation		7,379,660	-		-	(7,379,660)		-		(7,379,660)
Food services		15,725,607	25,641		18,987,159	3,287,193		-		3,287,193
All other pupil services		32,611,518	65,770		11,024,860	(21,520,888)		-		(21,520,888)
Administration										
Data processing		3,587,292	-		143,486	(3,443,806)		-		(3,443,806)
All other administration		26,849,485	233,202		12,988,244	(13,628,039)		-		(13,628,039)
Plant services		32,592,387	616		2,495,900	(30,095,871)		-		(30,095,871)
Ancillary services		5,091,893	-		3,097,851	(1,994,042)		-		(1,994,042)
Community services		127,876	-		101,362	(26,514)		-		(26,514)
Enterprise services		453,388	-		381,267	(72,121)		-		(72,121)
Interest on long-term liabilities		8,820,124	-		-	(8,820,124)		-		(8,820,124)
Other outgo		407,024	3,713,272		3,289,896	6,596,144		-		6,596,144
Total governmental activities		400,804,767	4,087,930		160,659,616	(236,057,221)		-		(236,057,221)
Business-Type Activities										
Transportation		23,826,783	14,584,515		992,887			(8,249,381)		(8,249,381)
Total primary government	\$	424,631,550	\$ 18,672,445	\$	161,652,503	(236,057,221)		(8,249,381)		(244,306,602)

Hemet Unified School District Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Net (Expenses) Revenues and				t	
		Program	Revenues	Changes in Net Position					
		Charges for	Operating	Business-					
		Services and	Grants and	Governn	nental		Type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Sales	Contributions	Activi	ties		Activities		Total
General Revenues and Subventions									
				ć 4F.0	C7 240	,		<u>,</u>	45 067 240
Property taxes, levied for general purposes					67,318	\$	-	\$	45,867,318
Property taxes, levied for debt service				-	94,623		-		18,794,623
Taxes levied for other specific purposes				-	18,729		-		5,018,729
Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purp	oses			263,7	89,242		-		263,789,242
Interest and investment earnings (loss)				(1,2	95,464)		108,683		(1,186,781)
Interagency revenues					78,217		-		78,217
Miscellaneous				48,0	47,501				48,047,501
Subtotal, general revenues and subventions				380,3	00,166		108,683		380,408,849
Transfers				5.1	.29,766		_		5,129,766
									5/225/100
Total general revenues, subventions, and tra	insfers			385,4	29,932		108,683		385,538,615
Change in Net Position				149,3	72,711		(8,140,698)		141,232,013
Net Position - Beginning, as restated				117 4	19,576		14,444,167		131,863,743
rectional beginning, as restated					10,070		17,777,107		131,003,7-13
Net Position - Ending				\$ 266,7	92,287	\$	6,303,469	\$	273,095,756

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Due from other funds Stores inventories	\$ 224,380,361 46,698,429 7,119,324 207,222	\$ 46,737,537 1,056,833 - -	\$ 89,488,676 6,383,108 2,054,046 994,627	\$ 360,606,574 54,138,370 9,173,370 1,201,849
Total assets	\$ 278,405,336	\$ 47,794,370	\$ 98,920,457	\$ 425,120,163
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 23,579,977 5,536,845 37,137,774	\$ 1,223,491 - -	\$ 4,786,231 1,281,821 2,010,338	\$ 29,589,699 6,818,666 39,148,112
Total liabilities	66,254,596	1,223,491	8,078,390	75,556,477
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	219,992 89,769,520 68,612,620 33,842,935 19,705,673	- 46,570,879 - - -	994,827 77,145,499 - 12,701,741	1,214,819 213,485,898 68,612,620 46,544,676 19,705,673
Total fund balances	212,150,740	46,570,879	90,842,067	349,563,686
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 278,405,336	\$ 47,794,370	\$ 98,920,457	\$ 425,120,163

T. 15 101 0 115 1		.
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 349,563,686
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of capital assets is	\$ 770,391,291	
Accumulated depreciation is	(283,435,689)	
Net capital assets		486,955,602
Right-to-use subscription IT assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of right-to-use subscription IT assets is	653,647	
Accumulated amortization is	(275,288)	
Net right-to-use subscription IT assets		378,359
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.		(3,894,065)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of the workers' compensation insurance program to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental activities in the statement of net position.		(207,591)
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding) Net pension liability	2,302,196 81,651,279	
Total deferred outflows of resources		85,773,566
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) Net pension liability	(10,983,455) (31,091,111)	
Total deferred inflows of resources		(42,074,566)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		\$ (270,397,370)
The District's net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(31,818,187)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of General obligation bonds Certificates of participation Subscription-based IT arrangements Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds and certificates of participation Discount on issuance of general obligation bonds and certificates of participation Compensated absences (vacations)	\$ (252,580,000) (35,945,000) (363,130) (14,606,301) 76,614 (636,775)	
Supplemental early retirement plan	(3,432,555)	
Total long-term liabilities		(307,487,147)

Total net position - governmental activities

\$ 266,792,287

Hemet Unified School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 292,965,073	\$ -	\$ 8,798,252	\$ 301,763,325
Federal sources	49,364,637	-	15,713,547	65,078,184
Other State sources	104,461,408	-	10,212,731	114,674,139
Other local sources	28,781,621	1,686,881	39,029,768	69,498,270
Total revenues	475,572,739	1,686,881	73,754,298	551,013,918
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction	207,775,245	-	7,974,937	215,750,182
Instruction-related activities				
Supervision of instruction	27,567,590	-	210,002	27,777,592
Instructional library, media, and technology	2,684,850	-	-	2,684,850
School site administration	23,174,424	-	1,437,912	24,612,336
Pupil services				
Home-to-school transportation	7,379,620	-	-	7,379,620
Food services	649,425	-	14,524,919	15,174,344
All other pupil services	34,765,000	-	321,839	35,086,839
Administration				
Data processing	4,401,048	-	-	4,401,048
All other administration	26,712,314	-	1,534,189	28,246,503
Plant services	32,585,430	-	2,399,289	34,984,719
Ancillary services	2,497,749	-	2,633,860	5,131,609
Community services	127,536	-	-	127,536
Other outgo	407,024	-	-	407,024
Enterprise services	390,852	-	-	390,852
Facility acquisition and construction	15,365,182	35,844,493	10,568,861	61,778,536
Debt service				
Principal	260,567	-	10,995,000	11,255,567
Interest and other	2,209		9,357,135	9,359,344
Total expenditures	386,746,065	35,844,493	61,957,943	484,548,501
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	88,826,674	(34,157,612)	11,796,355	66,465,417

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	\$ 6,639,676	\$ -	\$ 4,902,466	\$	11,542,142
Other sources - proceeds on general obligation bonds issuance	-	29,664,429	335,571		30,000,000
Other sources - premium on general obligation bonds issuance	-	-	2,166,930		2,166,930
Other sources - proceeds on subscription-based IT arrangements	303,845	-	-		303,845
Transfers out	 (4,476,626)	 <u>-</u>	 (1,935,750)		(6,412,376)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 2,466,895	 29,664,429	 5,469,217		37,600,541
Net Change in Fund Balances	91,293,569	(4,493,183)	17,265,572		104,065,958
Fund Balance - Beginning	 120,857,171	51,064,062	 73,576,495		245,497,728
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 212,150,740	\$ 46,570,879	\$ 90,842,067	\$	349,563,686

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental
Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 104,065,958

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation and amortization expenses in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation and amortization expenses in the period.

Capital outlays
Depreciation and amortization expenses

\$ 63,630,844 (20,580,508)

Net expense adjustment

43,050,336

Right-to-use subscription IT assets acquired this year were financed with Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs). The amount financed by the SBITAs is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. On the other hand, the SBITAs are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

(303,845)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) and special termination benefits (early retirement) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount is the difference between vacation and early retirement earned and used.

2,392,022

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the year.

23,137,817

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the net OPEB liability during the year.	\$ (1,658,495)
Proceeds received from general obligation bonds is a revenue in the governmental funds, but it increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	(30,000,000)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred charge on refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	
Premium on issuance recognized Premium amortization Discount amortization Deferred charge on refunding amortization	(2,166,930) 1,105,430 (11,272) (151,971)
Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	
General obligation bonds Certificates of participation Subscription-based IT arrangements	8,530,000 2,465,000 260,567
Interest on long-term liabilities is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	7,843
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of the self insurance program to the individual funds. The net revenue of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental	7,6.3
activities.	 (1,349,749)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 149,372,711

Hemet Unified School District Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Transportation	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Assets		
Current assets		
Deposits and investments	\$ 14,202,706	\$ 9,969,520
Receivables	2,359,595	-
Due from other funds	2,773,320	709,479
Total current assets	19,335,621	10,678,999
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	12,248,689	
Total assets	31,584,310	10,678,999
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	94,589	_
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	6,578,490	
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,673,079	
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	528,006	354,189
Due to other funds	5,494,232	343,271
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	-,,	5.5,=, 1
other than OPEB and pensions	611,075	1,828,752
Total current liabilities	6,633,313	2,526,212
	-,,-=0	=,==,===

Hemet Unified School District Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Transportation	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Noncurrent liabilities Noncurrent liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due in more than one year Total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability Aggregate net pension liability	\$ 949,492 2,400,376 20,559,137	\$ 8,360,378 - -
Total noncurrent liabilities	23,909,005	8,360,378
Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	30,542,318 570,806 840,796	10,886,590
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,411,602	
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for self-insurance Unrestricted	10,775,987 - (4,472,518)	(207,591)
Total net position	\$ 6,303,469	\$ (207,591)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Transportation	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services Charges to other funds and	\$ 19,345,088	\$ -
miscellaneous revenues	733,817	2,779,955
Total operating revenues	20,078,905	2,779,955
Operating Expenses		
Payroll costs	17,625,518	4,119
Professional and contract services	1,021,663	4,599,813
Supplies and materials	2,723,439	-
Facility rental	419,644	-
Depreciation	2,036,519	
Total operating expenses	23,826,783	4,603,932
Operating Income (loss)	(3,747,878)	(1,823,977)
Nonoperating Revenues		
State and local grants	992,887	-
Interest income	135,742	130,437
Unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	(27,059)	(20,833)
Total nonoperating revenues	1,101,570	109,604
Income before transfers	(2,646,308)	(1,714,373)
Transfers in	-	707,601
Transfers out	(5,494,390)	(342,977)
Change in Net Position	(8,140,698)	(1,349,749)
Total Net Position - Beginning	14,444,167	1,142,158
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 6,303,469	\$ (207,591)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Transportation	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating Activities Cash receipts from customers Other operating cash receipts Cash payments to other suppliers of goods or services Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 17,320,127 12,655,487 (4,769,531) (17,625,518)	\$ 2,133,824 - (2,756,694) (4,119)
Net Change for Operating Activities	7,580,565	(626,989)
Noncapital Financing Activities Nonoperating grants received Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	10,387 - (5,494,390)	707,601 (342,977)
Net Change for Noncapital Financing Activities	(5,484,003)	364,624
Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on private placement debt	(1,970,661) (595,760)	
Net Change Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,566,421)	
Investing Activities Interest on investments Unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	135,742 (27,059)	130,437 (20,833)
Net Cash From Investing Activities	108,683	109,604
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(361,176)	(152,761)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	14,563,882	10,122,281
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 14,202,706	\$ 9,969,520

Hemet Unified School District Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Transportation			overnmental Activities - Internal ervice Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net				
Cash From (Used For) Operating Activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(3,747,878)	\$	(1,823,977)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash from operating activities				
Depreciation		2,036,519		-
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Receivables		(1,093,681)		54,230
Due from other funds		(2,647,597)		(700,361)
Accounts payable		(604,785)		238,482
Due to other funds		5,479,691		343,271
Noncurrent liabilities		8,158,296		1,261,366
Net Cash From (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	7,580,565	\$	(626,989)

Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds
Assets Deposits and investments	\$ 9,084,222
Net Position Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$ 9,084,222

Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds
Additions	
Contributions Special tax assessment Bond issuance	\$ 4,960,440 5,902,375
Total contributions	10,862,815
Investment earnings	
Interest	55,879
Total additions	10,918,694
Deductions	
Debt service payments	4,460,003
Administrative expense	64,001
Payments to other governments	3,242,470
Total deductions	7,766,474
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	3,152,220
Net Position - Beginning	5,932,002
Net Position - Ending	\$ 9,084,222

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The Hemet Unified School District (the District) was established on July 1, 1966, under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected seven-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates thirteen elementary schools, two K-8 schools, four middle schools, one 6-12 school, three high schools, one continuation high school, two alternative independent study schools, an adult education school, and one charter school.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Hemet Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component units described below has a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, and GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements For Certain Component Units and thus are included in the financial statements of the District. The component units, although legally separate entities, are reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if they were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component units are essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because their purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the District.

The Hemet Unified School District Public Financing Authority (the Authority) and the Hemet Unified School District School Facilities Corporation (the Corporation) financial activity are presented in the financial statements as the Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units and the Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units. Certificates of participation and other debt issued by the Authority and the Corporation are included as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Individually prepared financial statements are prepared for the Authority.

The Hemet Unified School District Community Facilities Districts (CFDs) and Public Financing Authorities (PFAs) financial activity is presented in the Fiduciary Fund financial statements as the Custodial Funds and in the Governmental Funds financial statements as the Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units. Special Tax Bonds issued by the CFDs and Special Tax Revenue Bonds issued for the PFAs are not included in the long-term liabilities of the Statement of Net Position as they are not obligations of the District. Individually prepared financial statements are not prepared for each of the CFDs.

Other Related Entity

Charter School The District has approved a Charter for the Western Center Academy Charter School (the Charter School) pursuant to *Education Code* Section 47605. The Charter School is operated by the District, and its financial activities are presented in the Charter Schools Special Revenue Fund.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into three broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Two funds currently defined as a special revenue fund in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) does not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund and Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits, are not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While these funds are authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, these funds functions effectively as an extension of the General Fund, and accordingly has been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in fund balance of \$18,099,550.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Student Activity Fund** The Student Activity Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.
- Charter Schools Fund The Charter Schools Fund is used by the District to account separately for the operating activities of district-operated charter schools that would otherwise be reported in the authorizing district's General Fund.
- Adult Education Fund The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues for restricted or committed adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only.
- **Child Development Fund** The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.
- Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to
 operate the food service program (Education Code Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those
 expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food
 service program (Education Code Sections 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies
received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (Education Code
Sections 17620-17626 and Government Code Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the
purposes specified in Government Code Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements
with the developer (Government Code Section 66006).

- Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (Education Code Section 42840).
- Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units The Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund are used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).
- **Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units** The Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of the principal and interest on bonds issued by Financing Authorities and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the Local Education Agency, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting and are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has the following proprietary funds:

- Enterprise Funds Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. These funds of the District account for the financial transactions related to the Transportation activities of the District.
- Internal Service Fund Internal service funds may be used to account for goods or services provided to other funds of the District in return for a fee to cover the cost of operations. The District operates a Self-Insurance program for health and welfare and workers' compensation services that is accounted for in an internal service fund.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District and are not available to support the District's own programs. Fiduciary funds are split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. The three types of trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangement that has certain characteristics.

Trust funds are used to account for resources held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District does not have any trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for resources, not in a trust, that are held by the District for other parties outside the District's reporting entity. The District's custodial funds is Debt Service Fund for Special Tax Bonds.

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each governmental function, and exclude fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the *Statement of Activities*, except for depreciation and amortization of leased assets and subscription IT assets. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the internal service fund, and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

- Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the statements for the governmental funds on a modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.
- **Proprietary Funds** Proprietary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included in the *Statement of Net Position*. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund.
- **Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the governmental-wide statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental-type funds when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide financial *Statement of Net Position*. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets is the same as those used for the capital assets of governmental funds.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2023.

The District records the value of right-to-use subscription IT assets based on the underlying subscription asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The right-to-use subscription IT asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract or useful life of the underlying asset.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases, and long-term loans are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums, and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities *Statement of Net Position*. Debt premiums and discounts related to prepaid insurance costs are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt and for pension related items.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items and for OPEB related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan, Transportation Plan, and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment Program (MPP) and additions to/deductions from the District Plan, Transportation Plan, and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan, Transportation Plan, and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan, Transportation Plan, and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Subscriptions

The District recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription IT asset (subscription IT asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription term, the District measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription IT asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription IT asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over shorter of the subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset. The amortization period varies from 2 to 3 years.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board. The District currently does not have any committed funds.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the District against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than five percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net of investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The District has related debt outstanding as of June 30, 2023. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$156,211,453 of net position restricted by enabling legislation.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are charges to other funds for self-insurance. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Riverside bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Change in Accounting Principles

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 96

As of July 1, 2022, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The implementation of this standard establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription IT asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding liability. The standard provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA. The Statement requires recognition of certain SBITA assets and liabilities for SBITAs that previously were recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning net position is disclosed in Note 17 and the additional disclosures required by this standard are included in Notes 5 and 9.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 370,576,094
Business-type activities	14,202,706
Fiduciary activities	9,084,222
Total deposits and investments	\$ 393,863,022

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 1,969,533
Cash with fiscal agent	11,928,840
Cash in revolving	12,970
Investments	379,951,679
Total deposits and investments	\$ 393.863.022

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants U.S. Treasury Obligations U.S. Agency Securities Banker's Acceptance Commercial Paper Negotiable Certificates of Deposit Repurchase Agreements Reverse Repurchase Agreements Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years 5 years 5 years 5 years 180 days 270 days 5 years 1 year 92 days 5 years	None None None None 40% 25% 30% None 20% of base 30%	None None None None 30% 10% None None None None None None None
Mutual Funds Money Market Mutual Funds Mortgage Pass-Through Securities County Pooled Investment Funds Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A N/A 5 years N/A N/A N/A	20% 20% 20% None None None	10% 10% None None None None

Authorized Under Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Pool and purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Weighted Average Maturity

The District monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. Information about the weighted average maturity of the District's portfolio is presented in the following schedule:

Investment Type	Reported Amount	Weighted Average Maturity In Days
Governmental Activities		
Commercial paper	\$ 1,270,074	61
Riverside County Investment Pool	361,990,544_	476
Subtotal	363,260,618	
Business-Type Activities Riverside County Investment Pool	14,202,706	476
Fiduciary Activities		
U.S. Agencies	1,499,323	482
Commercial paper	989,032	61
Subtotal	2,488,355	
Total	\$ 379,951,679	

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Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

	Reported	Minimum Legal		Rating as of Year End	
Investment Type	Amount	Rating	Aaa-bf	Aaa	P-1
Governmental Activities Commercial paper Riverside County Investment	\$ 1,270,074	N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,270,074
Pool	361,990,544	N/A	361,990,544	-	-
Business-Type Activities Riverside County Investment Pool	14,202,706	N/A	14,202,706		
Fiduciary Activities				4 400 000	
U.S. Agencies	1,499,323	N/A	-	1,499,323	-
Commercial paper	989,032	N/A			989,032
Subtotal	2,488,355			1,499,323	989,032
Total	\$377,463,324		\$376,193,250	\$ -	\$ 1,270,074

N/A - Not applicable

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government code. All investments of the District other than the investments in commercial paper are exempt. The commercial paper has the limitations of a maximum percentage of portfolio not to exceed 25% and a maximum investment in one issuer of the portfolio not to exceed 10%. The investments in commercial paper do not exceed either of these limitations as of year-end.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2023, the District's bank balance \$14,159,788 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

Note 3 - Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the
 circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if
 reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or
 certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

The District's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2023:

		Fair Value Measurements	
		Using	
	Reported	Level 2	
Investment Type	Amount	Inputs	Uncategorized
Governmental Activities Commercial paper Riverside County Pooled Investments	\$ 1,270,074 361,990,544	\$ 1,270,074 -	\$ - 361,990,544
Subtotal	363,260,618	1,270,074	361,990,544
Business-Type Activities Riverside County Pooled Investments	14,202,706		14,202,706
Fiduciary Activities U.S. Agencies Commercial paper	1,499,323 989,032	1,499,323 989,032	-
Subtotal	2,488,355	2,488,355	
Total	\$ 379,951,679	\$ 3,758,429	\$ 376,193,250

All assets have been valued using a market approach, with quoted market prices.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	Enterprise Fund
Federal Government					
Categorical aid	\$ 34,231,345	\$ -	\$ 2,139,865	\$ 36,371,210	\$ -
State Government					
LCFF apportionment	5,535	-	297,519	303,054	-
Categorical aid	4,972,936	-	1,157,416	6,130,352	-
Lottery	1,197,878	-	40,796	1,238,674	-
Local Government					
Other local sources	6,290,735	1,056,833	2,747,512	10,095,080	2,359,595
Total	\$ 46,698,429	\$ 1,056,833	\$ 6,383,108	\$ 54,138,370	\$ 2,359,595

Note 5 - Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Subscription IT Assets

Capital assets and right-to-use subscription IT assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022 as restated			Additions		Deductions	<u>J</u>	Balance une 30, 2023
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$	24,843,807 28,183,311	\$	- 58,687,679	\$	- (1,759,265)	\$	24,843,807 85,111,725
Total capital assets not being depreciated		53,027,118		58,687,679		(1,759,265)		109,955,532
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment		628,983,929 25,053,245		2,100,898 4,297,687		- -		631,084,827 29,350,932
Total capital assets being depreciated		654,037,174		6,398,585				660,435,759
Total capital assets		707,064,292		65,086,264		(1,759,265)		770,391,291
Accumulated depreciation Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment		(246,724,521) (16,405,948)		(18,278,831) (2,026,389)		- -		(265,003,352) (18,432,337)
Total accumulated depreciation		(263,130,469)		(20,305,220)				(283,435,689)
Net depreciable capital assets		390,906,705		(13,906,635)		_		377,000,070
Right-to-use subscription IT assets being amortized Right-to-use subscription IT assets Accumulated amortization		349,802 -		303,845 (275,288)		- -		653,647 (275,288)
Net right-to-use subscription IT assets		349,802		28,557		<u>-</u>		378,359
Governmental activities capital assets, right-to-use subscription IT assets, net	ς .	444,283,625	Ś	44,809,601	Ś	(1,759,265)	\$	487,333,961
·	<u> </u>	444,203,023	<u> </u>	44,803,001		(1,733,203)		407,333,301
Business-Type Activities Furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	30,705,482 (18,390,935)	\$	1,970,661 (2,036,519)	\$	- -	\$	32,676,143 (20,427,454)
Business-type activities								
capital assets, net	\$	12,314,547	\$	(65,858)	\$	-	\$	12,248,689
Total	\$	456,598,172	\$	44,743,743	\$	(1,759,265)	\$	499,582,650

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental and business-type functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 16,772,084
School site administration	548,243
Food services	954,345
Data processing	275,288
All other administration	1,198,007
Plant services	 832,541
Total depreciation expenses governmental activities	 20,580,508
Business-Type Activities	
Home-to-school transportation	 2,036,519
Total depreciation expenses all activities	\$ 22,617,027

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2023, between major and non-major governmental funds, and proprietary funds are as follows:

		Due From					
		Non-Major	Internal	Total		_	
	General	Governmental	Service	Governmental	Enterprise		
Due To	Fund	Funds	Fund	Activities	Fund	Total	
General Fund Non-Major Governmental	\$ -	\$ 1,281,821	\$ 343,271	\$ 1,625,092	\$ 5,494,232	\$ 7,119,324	
Funds	2,054,046	-	-	2,054,046	-	2,054,046	
Internal Service Fund	709,479			709,479		709,479	
Total governmental activities	2,763,525	1,281,821	343,271	4,388,617	5,494,232	9,882,849	
Enterprise Fund	2,773,320			2,773,320		2,773,320	
Total	\$ 5,536,845	\$ 1,281,821	\$ 343,271	\$ 7,161,937	\$ 5,494,232	\$ 12,656,169	

A balance of \$669,613 is due to the Charter Schools Non-Major Governmental Fund from the General fund for In-Lieu final calculation.

A balance of \$985,846 is due to the Child Development Non-Major Governmental Fund from the General Fund for reimbursement of payroll costs.

The balance of \$325,234 is due to the Capital Facilities Non-Major Governmental Fund from the General Fund for capital outlay projects.

The balance of \$709,479 is due to the Internal Service Fund from the General Fund to cover costs.

The balance of \$2,773,320 is due to the Transportation Enterprise Fund from the General Fund to cover costs.

The balance of \$343,271 is due to the General Fund from the Transportation Enterprise Fund for employment benefits.

The balance of \$5,494,232 is due to the General Fund from the Transportation Enterprise Fund for charge backs.

Remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

The General Fund transferred to the Charter Non-Major Governmental Fund to cover costs.	\$	46,794
The General Fund transferred to the Capital Facilities Non-Major Governmental Fund for project costs.		42,619
The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Project for project costs.		4,177
The General Fund transferred to the Internal Service Fund for incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims.		707,601
The General Fund transferred to the Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for Blended Component Units for debt service payments.		3,675,435
The Charter Non-Major Governmental Fund transferred to the General Fund for transportation and special education encroachment.		802,309
The Cafeteria Non-Major Governmental Fund transferred to the Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for Blended Component Units for debt service payments.		316,167
The Capital Projects Non-Major Governmental Fund for Blended Component Units transferred to the Capital Facilities Non-Major Governmental Fund for capital projects.		817,274
The Proprietary Funds Transportation Fund transferred to the General Fund for administrativ fees and to cover District transportation costs.	e	5,494,390
The Internal Service Fund transferred to the General Fund for other postemployment benefit costs.		342,977
Total	\$	12,249,743

Note 7 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Internal Service Fund	Total	Enterprise Fund
Vendor payables LCFF apportionment Salaries and benefits Capital outlay	\$ 10,973,071 4,913,119 2,112,792 5,580,995	\$ - - 1,223,491	\$ 594,094 - 4,769 4,187,368	\$ 354,189 - - -	\$ 11,921,354 4,913,119 2,117,561 10,991,854	\$ 521,615 - 6,391 -
Total	\$ 23,579,977	\$ 1,223,491	\$ 4,786,231	\$ 354,189	\$ 29,943,888	\$ 528,006

Note 8 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	
Federal financial assistance State categorical aid	\$ 31,948,098 5,189,676	\$ - 2,010,338	\$ 31,948,098 7,200,014	
Total	\$ 37,137,774	\$ 2,010,338	\$ 39,148,112	

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Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions for the year ended June 30, 2023, is shown below:

	Balance July 1, 2022			Balance	Due in	
	as restated	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2023	One Year	
Long-Term Liabilities						
Governmental Activities						
General obligation bonds	\$ 231,110,000	\$ 30,000,000	\$ (8,530,000)	\$ 252,580,000	\$ 8,440,000	
Certificates of participation	38,410,000	-	(2,465,000)	35,945,000	2,625,000	
Unamortized debt premiums	13,544,801	2,166,930	(1,105,430)	14,606,301	-	
Unamortized debt discounts	(87,886)	-	11,272	(76,614)	-	
Subscription-based IT arrangements	319,852	303,845	(260,567)	363,130	261,490	
Supplemental early retirement plan	4,576,740	-	(1,144,185)	3,432,555	1,144,185	
Compensated absences	1,884,612	-	(1,247,837)	636,775	-	
Claims liability	8,927,764	2,785,602	(1,524,236)	10,189,130	1,828,752	
Subtotal	298,685,883	35,256,377	(16,265,983)	317,676,277	14,299,427	
Business-Type Activities						
Financed purchase agreements	2,068,462	-	(595,760)	1,472,702	611,075	
Compensated absences	322,193		(234,328)	87,865		
Subtotal	2,390,655		(830,088)	1,560,567	611,075	
Total	\$ 301,076,538	\$ 35,256,377	\$ (17,096,071)	\$ 319,236,844	\$ 14,910,502	

Payments on general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. Payments on the certificates of participation are made by the Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units. Payments for subscription-based IT arrangements are made by the General Fund. Payments for financed purchase agreements are made by the Transportation Enterprise Fund. Payments on the supplemental early retirement plan are made by the General Fund. The claims liability is to be paid by the Internal Service Fund. The compensated absences is to be paid by the General Fund, Charter School Fund, Adult Education Fund, Child Development Fund, Cafeteria Fund, and the Transportation Enterprise Fund. Additions and deductions from compensated absences are reported to its net cumulative change in the current year.

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue		Bonds utstanding uly 1, 2022	Issued	 Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding one 30, 2023
07/18/12 12/16/14 05/19/15 02/26/19 07/15/20 07/15/20 09/15/21 09/15/21 12/22/22	08/01/28 08/01/38 08/01/40 08/01/46 08/01/46 08/01/26 08/01/46 08/01/46	1.25%-4.00% 3.00% - 5.00% 3.13% - 5.00% 2.25% - 5.00% 2.00% - 5.00% 5.00% 2.50% - 5.00% 0.35% - 2.50% 4.00% - 5.00%	\$ 21,260,000 93,170,000 49,000,000 27,500,000 26,500,000 7,790,000 35,000,000 49,075,000 30,000,000	\$	3,320,000 37,965,000 46,695,000 25,900,000 26,500,000 6,655,000 35,000,000 49,075,000	\$ - - - - - - 30,000,000	\$ (1,635,000) (3,355,000) (795,000) - (510,000) (1,205,000) - (1,030,000)	\$ 1,685,000 34,610,000 45,900,000 25,900,000 5,450,000 35,000,000 48,045,000 30,000,000
				\$:	231,110,000	\$ 30,000,000	\$ (8,530,000)	\$ 252,580,000

The outstanding certificates of participation debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Certificates of Participation Outstanding July 1, 2022	Issu	ıed	Redeemed	Certificates of Participation Outstanding June 30, 2023
09/30/15 09/30/16 09/30/16 11/06/19	10/01/28 10/01/34 10/01/23 10/01/31	2.00% - 5.00% 3.00% - 5.00% 1.59% - 2.74% 3.00% - 4.00%	\$ 16,690,000 23,965,000 6,225,000 2,925,000	\$ 9,840,000 23,965,000 1,705,000 2,900,000	\$	- - -	\$ (1,275,000) - (1,145,000) (45,000)	\$ 8,565,000 23,965,000 560,000 2,855,000
				\$ 38,410,000	\$	-	\$ (2,465,000)	\$ 35,945,000

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Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The current interest bonds mature as follows:

Fiscal Year		Principal			Total	
2024	\$	8,440,000	\$	8,274,749	\$	16,714,749
2025	·	9,560,000	•	7,919,163	·	17,479,163
2026		9,065,000		7,575,544		16,640,544
2027		9,290,000		7,265,327		16,555,327
2028		8,805,000		6,992,785		15,797,785
2029-2033		49,515,000	3	0,662,181		80,177,181
2034-2038		65,960,000	2	1,298,213		87,258,213
2039-2043		51,360,000	1	0,536,741		61,896,741
2044-2047		40,585,000		2,723,697		43,308,697
Total	\$ 2	52,580,000	\$ 10	3,248,399	\$	355,828,399

The current interest certificates of participation mature as follows:

		Interest to		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Maturity	Total	
2024	\$ 2,625,000	\$ 1,431,957	\$ 4,056,957	
2025	2,820,000	1,313,063	4,133,063	
2026	3,030,000	1,181,838	4,211,838	
2027	3,250,000	1,049,513	4,299,513	
2028	3,465,000	907,738	4,372,738	
2029-2033	14,935,000	2,470,344	17,405,344	
2034-2036	5,820,000	191,650	6,011,650	
Total	\$ 35,945,000	\$ 8,546,103	\$ 44,491,103	

Financed Purchase Agreement

The District's liability on financed purchase agreements with options to purchase is summarized below:

		Business-Ty Activities		
		Transportati		
Balance, July 1, 2022 Additions Payments		\$	2,176,387 - (644,544)	
Balance, June 30, 2023	•	\$	1,531,843	

The finance purchase agreement have minimum payments as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Financed Purchase Payment			
2024 2025 2026	\$ 644,544 510,614 376,685			
Total	1,531,843			
Less amount representing interest	 (59,141)			
Present value of minimum financed payments	\$ 1,472,702			

Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan (SERP)

The District offered an early retirement incentive to qualified employees under a qualified plan of Section 401 A of the Internal Revenue Code. This benefit is paid out annually to the retiree in equal installments annually for a period up to five year. Currently, there are 124 employees participating in the plan and the District's obligation to those retirees as of June 30, 2023, is \$3,432,555.

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Future payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Annual <u>Payment</u>
2024 2025 2026	\$ 1,144,185 1,144,185 1,144,185
Total	\$ 3,432,555

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences (unpaid employee vacation) for the Governmental Activities and the Business-Type Activities at June 30, 2023, amounted to \$636,775 and \$87,865, respectively.

Claims Liability

The District has an outstanding long-term liability for claims for the District's Workers' Compensation Insurance Program in the amount of \$10,189,130.

Subscriptions-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The District entered into three SBITA contracts for the use of digital curriculum software, platform as a service, and safety software. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use subscriptions IT assets \$378,359 and SBITA liabilities of \$363,130 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$275,288 in amortization expense. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$364,776 through July 2024. The subscriptions have an interest rate of 4.25%.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the SBITA obligation debt as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Ir	nterest	Total		
2024 2025	\$	261,490 101,640	\$	1,286 360	\$	262,776 102,000	
Total	\$	363,130	\$	1,646	\$	364,776	

Note 10 - Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows or resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	Net OPEB Liability				Deferred Inflows of Resources		OPEB Expense	
District Plan Transportation Plan Medicare Payment Protection	\$	30,733,183 2,400,376	\$	1,820,091 94,589	\$	10,983,455 570,806	\$	1,982,110 103,009
(MPP) Program		1,085,004						(278,520)
Total	\$	34,218,563	\$	1,914,680	\$	11,554,261	\$	1,806,599

The details of each plan are as follows:

District and Transportation Plan

Plan Administration

The District's Governing Board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2023, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	131
Active employees	2,556
Total	2,687

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the plan. The Hemet Unified School District's Governing Board (the Governing Board) has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Benefit Payments

The benefit payment requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and the Hemet Teachers Association (HTA), the local California School Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as determined annually through the agreements with the District, HTA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups are based on availability of funds. For the measurement date of June 30, 2023, the District paid \$959,751 in benefits.

Total OPEB Liability of the District and Transportation

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 2.75 percent, average, including inflation

Discount rate 3.65 percent Healthcare cost trend rates 4.00 percent

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reeducation. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 31,048,440
Service cost Interest Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	2,216,368 1,121,357 (292,855) (959,751)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,085,119
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 33,133,559

No changes to benefits noted from the prior evaluation.

Change in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.54% in 2022 to 3.65% in 2023.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Total OPEB
Discount Rate	Liability
1% decrease (2.65%)	\$ 35,651,752
Current discount rate (3.65%)	33,133,559
1% increase (4.65%)	30,804,987

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.00%) Current healthcare cost trend rate (4.00%)	\$ 29,100,071 33,133,559
1% increase (5.00%)	37,894,533

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OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District and Transportation recognized OPEB expense of \$30,733,183 and \$2400,376, respectively. At June 30, 2023, District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB from the following sources.

	Deferre of Re		erred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	- 1,914,680	\$ 8,392,921 3,161,340
Total	\$	1,914,680	\$ 11,554,261

The deferred outflows of resources for OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as reduction of the total OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The remaining deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 Thereafter	\$ (719,479) (719,479) (719,479) (719,479) (719,479) (6,042,186)
Total	\$ (9,639,581)

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

Plan Description

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB)Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$1,085,004 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, was 0.3294 % and 0.3419%, respectively, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0125%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(278,520).

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2022 net OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the net OPEB liability to June 30, 2022, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through	July 1, 2015 through
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	3.54%	2.16%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%	5.40%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2021, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 209 or an average of 0.14% of the potentially eligible population (145,282).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2022, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, is 3.54%. As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as previously noted, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, a discount rate of 3.54%, which is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2022, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the net OPEB liability. The discount rate increased 1.38% from 2.16% as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate		Net OPEB Liability		
	1% decrease (2.54%) Current discount rate (3.54%)	\$	1,182,863 1,085,004	
	1% increase (4.54%)		1,000,270	

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.50% Part A and 4.40% Part B) Current Medicare costs trend rate (4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B) 1% increase (5.50% Part A and 6.40% Part B)	\$ 995,531 1,085,004 1,186,426

Note 11 - Non-Obligatory Debt

Non-obligatory debt relates to debt issuances by the Community Facility Districts, as authorized by the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 as amended, and the Mark-Roos Local Bond Pooling Act of 1985, and are payable from special taxes levied on property within the Community Facilities Districts according to a methodology approved by the voters within the District. Neither the faith and credit nor taxing power of the District is pledged to the payment of the bonds. Reserves have been established from the bond proceeds to meet delinquencies should they occur. If delinquencies occur beyond the amounts held in those reserves, the District has no duty to pay the delinquency out of any available funds of the District. The District acts solely as an agent for those paying taxes levied and the bondholders and may initiate foreclosure proceedings. Special assessment debt of \$37,625,000 as of June 30, 2023, does not represent debt of the District and, as such, does not appear in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Note 12 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Revolving cash	\$ 12,770	\$ -	\$ 200	\$ 12,970
Stores inventories	207,222		994,627	1,201,849
Total nonspendable	219,992	<u> </u>	994,827	1,214,819
Restricted				
Legally restricted programs	89,769,520	-	11,682,829	101,452,349
Capital projects	-	46,570,879	37,175,466	83,746,345
Debt services			28,287,204	28,287,204
Total restricted	89,769,520	46,570,879	77,145,499	213,485,898
Committed				
Health and Welfare HTA Reserve Supplemental and concentration	1,815,428	-	-	1,815,428
Grant carryover for LCAP Priorities	16,722,898			16,722,898
Reserve for deficit spending	50,074,294	-	-	50,074,294
Reserve for deficit spending	30,074,234			30,074,234
Total committed	68,612,620			68,612,620
Assigned				
Other postemployment benefits	18,093,233	-	-	18,093,233
Other	15,749,702		12,701,741	28,451,443
Total assigned	33,842,935		12,701,741	46,544,676
Unassigned				
Reserve for economic				
uncertainties	19,687,127	-	-	19,687,127
Remaining unassigned	18,546			18,546
Total unassigned	19,705,673		-	19,705,673
Total	\$ 212,150,740	\$ 46,570,879	\$ 90,842,067	\$ 349,563,686

Note 13 - Risk Management

Description

The District's risk management activities are recorded in the General and Self-Insurance Funds. Employee life, health, vision, dental, disability, and workers' compensation programs are administered by the District. The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; life and health of employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance through Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund Joint Powers Authority for first party damage with coverage up to a maximum of \$250 million, subject to Member Retained Limits ranging from \$250 to \$5,000 per occurrence. The District also purchases commercial insurance for general liability claims with coverage up to \$1 million per occurrence with excess liability coverage up to \$24 million per occurrence and \$52 million aggregate, all subject to a \$5,000 Member Retained Limit per occurrence. The District self-insures workers' compensation coverage up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence with excess coverage up to \$10,000,000.

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the District contracted with Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (SoCal ReLiEF) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with California Schools Employee Benefits Association (CSEBA) to provide employee health benefits. CSEBA is a shared risk pool comprised of Districts state-wide. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

Claims Liabilities

The District records an estimated liability for indemnity torts and other claims against the District. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

The fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2023:

	Workers' Compensation	
Liability Balance, July 1, 2021 Claims and changes in estimates Claims payments	\$	8,692,068 1,812,209 (1,576,513)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2022 Claims and changes in estimates Claims payments		8,927,764 5,721,667 (4,460,301)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	10,189,130
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2023	\$	10,678,999

Note 14 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Pe	Net nsion Liability	erred Outflows f Resources	erred Inflows f Resources	Per	nsion Expense
CalSTRS CalPERS	\$	152,499,529 138,456,978	\$ 41,713,951 46,515,818	\$ 26,185,532 5,746,375	\$	14,033,688 17,206,086
Total	\$	290,956,507	\$ 88,229,769	\$ 31,931,907	\$	31,239,774

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program		
Hire date Benefit formula	On or before December 31, 2012 2% at 60	On or after January 1, 2013 2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments	5 years of service Monthly for life	5 years of service Monthly for life	
Retirement age Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation Required employee contribution rate	60 2.0% - 2.4% 10.25%	62 2.0% - 2.4% 10.205%	
Required employer contribution rate Required state contribution rate	19.10% 10.828%	19.10% 10.828%	

Contributions

Required member, District, and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$28,060,759.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share

Proportionate share of net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 152,499,529 76,371,168
Total	\$ 228,870,697

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, was 0.2195% and 0.2274%, respectively, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0079%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$14,033,688. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$6,159,284 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$	28,060,759	\$	-
made and District's proportionate share of contributions		5,965,228		7,293,726
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience		-		7,457,523
in the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions		125,097 7,562,867		11,434,283 -
Total	\$	41,713,951	\$	26,185,532

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ (5,478,104) (5,934,598) (8,914,972) 12,870,151
Total	\$ (7,457,523)

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 Thereafter	\$ 4,924,923 (1,007,880) (2,411,950) (2,236,099) (2,681,116) (1,662,695)
Total	\$ (5,074,817)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

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The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2019 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	42%	4.8%
Fixed income	15%	1.3%
Real estate	13%	3.6%
Private equity	12%	6.3%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/liquidity	2%	(0.4%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 259,000,762
Current discount rate (7.10%)	152,499,529
1% increase (8.10%)	64,071,486

School Employer Pool (CalPERS)

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) and the Safety Risk Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021, annual actuarial valuation reports, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation, and the Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation Report, Safety. These reports and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	seriour Employer roor (earr Ens)		
	On or before	On or after	
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	55	62	
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	8.00%	
Required employer contribution rate	25.37%	25.37%	

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$19,038,998.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$138,456,978. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, was 0.4024% and 0.4025%, respectively, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0001%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$17,206,086. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$	19,038,998	\$	-
made and District's proportionate share of contributions Differences between projected and actual earnings on		260,812		2,301,388
pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience		16,348,003		-
in the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions		625,745 10,242,260		3,444,987 -
Total	\$	46,515,818	\$	5,746,375

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 2,726,326 2,418,063 1,235,177 9,968,437
Total	\$ 16,348,003

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 1,349,469 1,985,996 2,145,543 (98,566)
Total	\$ 5,382,442

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.45%
Global Equity - non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private Equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%
Real Assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	(5%)	(0.59%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the School Employer Pool investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	\$ 200,008,116
Current discount rate (6.90%)	138,456,978
1% increase (7.90%)	87,587,225

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by social security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use the Social Security as its alternative plan.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$12,251,535 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual Budget Act for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

Capital Project	Remainin Constructio Commitme	on Date of
Modernization at various sites		
Asphalt Slurry Seal Project (Multiple Sites M&O)	\$ 104,4	162 2023-2024
Athletic Field Lighting Project	36,9	2024-2025
Cell Tower Projects	5,8	300 2023-2024
Exterior Painting Projects (M&O Multiple Sites)	117,0	060 2023-2024
Fruitvale CFD Projects	7,8	345 2023-2024
Fruitvale Playground Modernization	189,4	136 2024-2025
Hamilton High Relocation Addition	1,0	001 2023-2024
Hemet HS Chiller Project	45,9	2023-2024
HVAC Projects	407,6	543 2024-2025
Keyless Entry Projects	1,406,6	34 2023-2024
LCD Projector Project (State Withholding)	4,7	755 2023-2024
Little Lake Modernization	2,318,0	2023-2024
Nutrition Kitchen Updates (Multiple Sites)	224,8	305 2023-2024
PDSC Building Expansion	664,9	2025-2026
PDSC Phone System Upgrade (M&O)	21,4	162 2023-2024
PDS Relo Additions	25,0	000 2023-2024
Ramona Elementary Modernization	5,426,4	108 2023-2024
Ramona Elementary Street Campus - Site Improvements	3,5	500 2023-2024
Relocation Additions (20)	8,743,1	2024-2025
Relocation Additions (WVHS Softball Title 9)	335,0	98 2023-2024
Roofing Projects (M&O Various Sites)	303,2	208 2023-2024
Standby Power Projects (Multiple Sites)	1,235,9	76 2024-2025
Store Front Projects Phase 3	278,2	261 2023-2024
Transitional Kindergarten	11,6	507 2023-2024
Valle Vista Annex DSA Certification Project	4,6	550 2025-2026
Whittier Modernization	797,0	2025-2026
Whittier Playground Modernization	9	905 2023-2024
WVHS Agriculture Building	177,0	
WVHS Pool	2,305,9	
WVHS Theater Seating Project 2	4,4	2023-2024
Total	\$ 25,209,0	013

Note 16 - Participation Joint Powers Authority

The District is a member of the California Schools Employee Benefits Association (CSEBA) and the Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (SoCal ReLiEF) a joint powers authority (JPA). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that it is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the JPA and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District made payments of \$33,088,677 and \$2,479,078 to CSEBA and SoCal ReLiEF, respectively, for its health coverage and property liability.

Note 17 - Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As of July 1, 2022, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The implementation of this standard establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription IT asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding liability. The standard provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA. The Statement requires recognition of certain SBITA assets and liabilities for SBITAs that previously were recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Beginning net position was restated to retroactively adopt the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96 as follows:

Governmental Activities

Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported on June 30, 2022	\$ 117,389,626
Right-to-use subscription IT assets, net of amortization	349,802
Subscription liabilities	(319,852)
	<u>- </u>

Net Position - Beginning as Restated on July 1, 2022 \$ 117,419,576



Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2023

Hemet Unified School District

	Dudgatad	Amounts		Variances - Positive (Negative) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	to Actual
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 273,803,640	\$ 289,975,051	\$ 292,965,073	\$ 2,990,022
Federal sources ²	36,106,148	59,872,425	49,364,637	(10,507,788)
Other State sources ²	39,873,833	95,356,693	104,461,408	9,104,715
Other local sources	23,498,697	24,730,712	28,781,621	4,050,909
1				
Total revenues ¹	373,282,318	469,934,881	475,572,739	5,637,858
Expenditures Current				
Certificated salaries	155,963,307	151,552,665	151,605,544	(52,879)
Classified salaries	65,871,080	63,885,932	63,624,149	261,783
Employee benefits	94,953,069	88,016,080	85,686,949	2,329,131
Books and supplies	18,414,687	22,337,164	18,280,296	4,056,868
Services and operating expenditures		56,202,706	51,112,519	5,090,187
Other outgo	(766,228)	(737,663)	(240,970)	(496,693)
Capital outlay Debt service	9,046,505	21,414,125	16,414,802	4,999,323
	2 224 262	2 224 262	260 567	1 062 705
Debt service - principal Debt service - interest and other	2,224,362 1,453,757	2,224,362 1,395,197	260,567 2,209	1,963,795 1,392,988
Debt service - interest and other	1,455,757	1,595,197	2,209	1,392,900
Total expenditures ¹	394,032,847	406,290,568	386,746,065	19,544,503
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(20,750,529)	63,644,313	88,826,674	25,182,361
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	6,532,151	5,426,077	6,639,676	1,213,599
Other sources			303,845	303,845
Transfers out	(2,000,000)	(3,337,102)	(4,476,626)	(1,139,524)
Net financing sources (uses)	4,532,151	2,088,975	2,466,895	377,920
Net Change in Fund Balances	(16,218,378)	65,733,288	91,293,569	25,560,281
Fund Balance - Beginning	120,857,171	120,857,171	120,857,171	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 104,638,793	\$ 186,590,459	\$ 212,150,740	\$ 25,560,281

¹ Due to the consolidation of Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund and Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures, however are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

² Revenues received for CARES Act (COVID-19) were included in the adopted budget, unspent funds were recorded as unearned revenue in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	\$ 2,216,368 1,121,357 - (292,855) (959,751)	\$ 3,019,256 843,568 (6,501,909) (3,315,141) (1,083,593)	\$ 2,920,515 797,112 - 121,685 (1,050,343)	\$ 3,189,197 1,222,862 (3,722,688) 1,806,063 (1,084,900)	\$ 2,958,458 1,088,299 - 755,071 (1,060,211)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,085,119	(7,037,819)	2,788,969	1,410,534	3,741,617
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	31,048,440	38,086,259	35,297,290	33,886,756	30,145,139
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 33,133,559	\$ 31,048,440	\$ 38,086,259	\$ 35,297,290	\$ 33,886,756
Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

	2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 2,879,278 1,068,087 -
Benefit payments	(1,019,434)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,927,931
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	27,217,208
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 30,145,139
Covered Payroll	N/A ¹
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A ¹
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.3294%	0.3419%	0.3895%	0.3878%	0.3887%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,085,004	\$ 1,363,524	\$ 1,650,620	\$ 1,444,124	\$ 1,487,816
Covered payroll	N/A ¹				
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A ¹				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.94%)	(0.80%)	(0.71%)	(0.81%)	(0.40%)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

¹ As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year ended June 30,	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.3691%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,552,626
Covered payroll	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.01%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017

¹ As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS Year Ended June 30, 2023

CalSTRS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.2195%	0.2274%	0.2235%	0.2192%	0.2166%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 152,499,529 76,371,168	\$ 103,495,149 52,074,745	\$ 216,622,626 111,668,989	\$ 197,984,969 108,014,018	\$ 199,031,497 113,954,840
Total	\$ 228,870,697	\$ 155,569,894	\$ 328,291,615	\$ 305,998,987	\$ 312,986,337
Covered payroll	\$ 134,100,083	\$ 124,983,325	\$ 123,919,474	\$ 121,734,902	\$ 117,924,823
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	113.72%	82.81%	174.81%	162.64%	168.78%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81%	87%	72%	73%	71%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
		2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability		2018 0.2038%	2017 0.2081%	2016 0.2040%	2015 0.1826%
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability					
Proportionate share of the net pension liability		0.2038% \$ 188,518,139	0.2081% \$ 168,316,604	0.2040% \$ 137,370,181	0.1826% \$ 106,695,256
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		0.2038% \$ 188,518,139 111,525,738	0.2081% \$ 168,316,604 95,819,640	0.2040% \$ 137,370,181 72,653,682	0.1826% \$ 106,695,256 64,427,202
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability Total		0.2038% \$ 188,518,139 111,525,738 \$ 300,043,877	0.2081% \$ 168,316,604 95,819,640 \$ 264,136,244	0.2040% \$ 137,370,181 72,653,682 \$ 210,023,863	0.1826% \$ 106,695,256 64,427,202 \$ 171,122,458
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability Total Covered payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability		0.2038% \$ 188,518,139 111,525,738 \$ 300,043,877 \$ 110,506,645	0.2081% \$ 168,316,604 95,819,640 \$ 264,136,244 \$ 104,777,884	0.2040% \$ 137,370,181 72,653,682 \$ 210,023,863 \$ 94,422,286	0.1826% \$ 106,695,256 64,427,202 \$ 171,122,458 \$ 101,633,888

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalPERS Year Ended June 30, 2023

CalPERS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.4024%	0.4025%	0.4093%	0.4157%	0.4001%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 138,456,978	\$ 81,837,989	\$ 125,574,879	\$ 121,156,596	\$ 106,672,428
Covered payroll	\$ 63,268,381	\$ 58,899,971	\$ 59,079,535	\$ 59,091,651	\$ 65,038,729
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	218.84%	138.94%	212.55%	205.03%	164.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	81%	70%	70%	71%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
		2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.3950%	0.3874%	0.3753%	0.3178%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability		\$ 94,289,877	\$ 76,508,391	\$ 55,315,901	\$ 40,039,851
Covered payroll		\$ 54,065,452	\$ 66,483,861	\$ 41,568,601	\$ 42,763,912
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		174.40%	115.08%	133.07%	93.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72%	74%	79%	83%
Measurement Date		June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

CalSTRS	2023	2022	2022 2021		2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 28,060,759	\$ 22,689,734	\$ 20,184,807	\$ 21,190,230	\$ 19,818,442
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	28,060,759	22,689,734	20,184,807	21,190,230	19,818,442
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 146,914,969	\$ 134,100,083	\$ 124,983,325	\$ 123,919,474	\$ 121,734,902
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.10%	16.92%	16.15%	17.10%	16.28%
		2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution		\$ 17,016,552	\$ 13,901,736	\$ 11,242,667	\$ 8,384,699
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		17,016,552	13,901,736	11,242,667	8,384,699
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll		\$ 117,924,823	\$ 110,506,645	\$ 104,777,884	\$ 94,422,286
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.43%	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%

CalPERS	2023	2022 2021		2020	2019	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 19,038,998	\$ 14,494,786	\$ 12,192,294	\$ 11,651,075	\$ 10,673,134	
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	19,038,998	14,494,786	12,192,294	11,651,075	10,673,134	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Covered payroll	\$ 75,045,321	\$ 63,268,381	\$ 58,899,971	\$ 59,079,535	\$ 59,091,651	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	25.370% 22.910%		20.700%	19.721%	18.062%	
		2018	2017	2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution		\$ 10,101,165	\$ 7,508,610	\$ 7,876,343	\$ 4,893,040	
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		10,101,165	7,508,610	7,876,343	4,893,040	
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Covered payroll		\$ 65,038,729	\$ 54,065,452	\$ 66,483,861	\$ 41,568,601	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.531%	13.888%	11.847%	11.771%	

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, the plan's fiduciary net position, and the total OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Change in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation for other postemployment benefits.
- Change of Assumptions Liability changes resulting from changes in economic and demographic assumptions are also deferred based on the average working life. In addition, the discount rate was changed from 3.54% to 3.65%.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability – MPP Program and the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- Changes of Assumptions The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 2.16% to 3.54% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- Change of Assumptions There were no changes in economic assumptions for the CalSTRS plan from the previous valuations. The CalPERS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.15% to 6.90% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.



Supplementary Information June 30, 2023

Hemet Unified School District

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE)			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Basic School Breakfast	10.553	13525	\$ 25,403
Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	2,354,270
Subtotal			2,379,673
National School Lunch Program (NSLP) - Section 4	10.555	13523	2,158,756
National School Lunch Program - Section 11	10.555	13524	7,843,891
National School Lunch Program - Commodity Supplemental Food	10.555	13391	927,926
National School Lunch Program - Meal Supplements	10.555	13755	36,531
COVID-19: Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555	15655	488,836
Subtotal			11,455,940
National School Lunch Program - Summer Food Program	10.559	13004	236,625
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	14968	78,958
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			14,151,196
NSLP Equipment Assistance Grants	10.579	14906	177,058
Passed Through California Department of Social Services			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13393	1,213,965

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Forest Services Schools and Road Cluster Forest Reserve	10.665	10044	\$ 79,058
Total Forest Services School and Road Cluster			79,058
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			15,621,277
U.S. Department of Defense Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps - Air Force	12.000	[1]	185,353
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Riverside County Special Education Local Plan Area Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Grants to States - Basic Local Assistance Special Education Grants to States - Mental Health Average Daily Attendance	84.027	13379	4,706,586
(ADA) Allocation COVID-19: Special Education Grants to States - American Rescue Plan (ARP)	84.027A	15197	309,959
Basic Local Assistance	84.027	15638	151,769
Subtotal			5,168,314
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	13430	83,146
COVID-19: Special Education Preschool Grants - ARP	84.173	15639	13,465
Special Education Preschool Grants - Preschool Staff Development	84.173A	13431	816
Subtotal			97,427
Total Special Education Cluster			5,265,741

[1] Assistance Listing Number not available

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Passed Through CDE	-		
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	15536	\$ 503,299
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	15547	10,436,080
COVID-19: ARP Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425U	15559	13,470,459
COVID-19: ARP Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III)	5 II I = 5 C		20, ., 0, .00
Fund: Learning Loss	84.425U	10155	1,909,496
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II)			,,
Fund: State Reserve	84.425D	15618	2,540,995
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III)			, ,
Fund: State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425D	15620	70,835
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III)			,
Fund: State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425D	15621	135,921
COVID-19: Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C	15517	161,520
COVID-19: Governor's Emergency Education Relief II (GEER II) Fund, State			
Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425C	15619	566,563
COVID-19: ARP Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HYC II)	84.425W	15566	98,504
Subtotal			29,893,672
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	14329	8,274,702
School Improvement Funding for LEAs	84.010	15438	504,714
Subtotal			8,779,416

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	14894	\$ 259,636
Indian Education Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.060	10011	25,970
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	14332	10,946
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	14349	544,238
English Language Acquisition State Grants - LEP	84.365	14346	397,345
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	999,940
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	15396	740,900
Student Financial Assistance Cluster Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	[1]	339,169
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			339,169
Total U.S. Department of Education			47,256,973
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through California Department of Health and Human Services Head Start	93.600	10016	1,874,990
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,874,990
Total Financial Assistance			\$ 64,938,593

Organization

The Hemet Unified School District was established on July 1, 1966, and consists of an area comprising approximately 650 square miles. The District operates thirteen elementary schools, two K-8 schools, one K-8 dual language academy, four middle schools, one 6-12 school, three high schools, one continuation high school, two alternative independent study schools, an adult education school, and one charter school. There were no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
Stacey Bailey	President	2024
Sumanta Chaudhuri Saini	Vice President	2024
Al Cordova	Member	2026
Jeremy Parsons	Member	2026
Kenneth Prado	Member	2026
Patrick Searl	Member	2024
Horacio "Ross" Valenzuela	Member	2026

ADMINISTRATION

NAME TITLE

Dr. Christi Barrett Superintendent

Darrin Watters Deputy Superintendent, Business Services
Dr. Nereyda Gonzalez Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Dr. Jennifer Martin Assistant Superintendent, Improvement and Analytics

Dr. Mary Wendland Assistant Superintendent, Student Services
Dr. Derek Jindra Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources

Carolyn Yoakum Director of Fiscal Services

	Final Re	port
	Second Period Report	Annual Report
	5BDC5B98	5BDC5BED
Hemet Unified School District		
Regular ADA		
Transitional kindergarten through third	6,064.56	6,086.67
Fourth through sixth	4,468.49	4,462.54
Seventh and eighth	2,647.56	2,638.21
Ninth through twelfth	6,131.68	6,088.94
Total Regular ADA	19,312.29	19,276.36
Total Negulai ADA	13,312.23	13,270.30
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools		
Fourth through sixth	1.89	1.94
Seventh and eighth	1.62	1.65
Ninth through twelfth	5.29	5.38
Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	8.80	8.97
Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools		
Fourth through sixth	0.06	0.06
Seventh and eighth	0.11	0.11
Ninth through twelfth	0.63	0.63
Total Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic,		
Nonsectarian Schools	0.80	0.80
Total ADA	19,321.89	19,286.13

	Final Re	port
	Second Period	Annual
	Report	Report
	8DCBAAE5	CB15DC98
Western Center Academy		_
Regular ADA		
Fifth through sixth	122.04	121.63
Seventh and eighth	254.09	253.69
Ninth through twelfth	331.34	329.95
Total Regular ADA	707.47	705.27
Classroom-Based ADA		
Fourth through sixth	122.04	121.63
Seventh and eighth	254.09	253.69
Ninth through twelfth	331.34	329.95
Total Classroom-Based ADA	707.47	705.27

					Tr	aditional Calenda	ar	N	lultitrack Calenda	ar	
	1986-1987	2022-2023	Number of	Total	Number of	Number of	Total	Number of	Number of	Total	
	Minutes	Actual	Minutes Credited	Minutes	Actual	Days Credited	Days	Actual	Days Credited	Days	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Form J-13A*	Offered	Days	Form J-13A*	Offered	Days	Form J-13A*	Offered	Status
										_	
Kindergarten	36,000	48,765	1,104	49,869	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400										
Grade 1		53,155	1,205	54,360	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 2		53,155	1,205	54,360	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 3		53,155	1,205	54,360	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grades 4 - 8	54,000										
Grade 4		54,574	1,238	55,812	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 5		54,574	1,238	55,812	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 6		59,784	1,356	61,140	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 7		59,784	1,356	61,140	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 8		59,784	1,356	61,140	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grades 9 - 12	64,800										
Grade 9		63,394	1,636	65,030	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 10		63,394	1,636	65,030	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 11		63,394	1,636	65,030	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 12		63,394	1,636	65,030	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied

^{*} The District received an approved J-13A for 4 days.

Western Center Academy

					Traditional Calendar			Multitrack Calendar			
	1986-1987	2022-2023	Number of	Total	Number of	Number of	Total	Number of	Number of	Total	
	Minutes	Actual	Minutes Credited	Minutes	Actual	Days Credited	Days	Actual	Days Credited	Days	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Form J-13A*	Offered	Days	Form J-13A*	Offered	Days	Form J-13A*	Offered	Status
Grades 6 - 8	54,000										
Grade 6		57,631	1,334	58,965	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 7		57,631	1,334	58,965	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 8		57,631	1,334	58,965	176	4	180	-	_	-	Complied
Grades 9 - 12	64,800										
Grade 9		63,531	1,444	64,975	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 10		63,531	1,444	64,975	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 11		63,531	1,444	64,975	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 12		63,531	1,444	64,975	176	4	180	-	-	-	Complied

^{*} The Charter School received an approved J-13A for 4 days.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2023.

	(Budget) 2024 ¹	2023	2022 ¹	2021 1
General Fund				
Revenues ³ Other sources	\$ 421,614,238 6,074,389	\$ 475,572,739 6,639,676	\$ 387,943,032 552,346	\$ 338,215,241 2,880,321
Total Revenues and Other Sources	427,688,627	482,212,415	388,495,378	341,095,562
Expenditures ³ Other uses	492,675,749 500,000	386,746,065 4,476,626	329,478,716 21,213,599	301,466,615 3,907,323
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	493,175,749	391,222,691	350,692,315	305,373,938
Increase/(Decrease) in Fund Balance	(65,487,122)	90,989,724	37,803,063	35,721,624
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 146,663,618	\$ 212,150,740	\$ 121,161,016	\$ 83,357,953
Available Reserves ^{2, 3}	\$ 24,658,787	\$ 19,705,673	\$ 18,038,118	\$ 15,186,363
Available Reserves as a				
Percentage of Total Outgo	5.00%	5.04%	5.14%	4.97%
Long-Term Liabilities ⁴	N/A	\$ 619,891,834	\$ 518,821,640	\$ 627,920,594
K-12 Average Daily Attendance at P-2 ⁵	19,869	19,322	18,293	20,220

The General Fund balance has increased by \$128,792,787 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2023-2024 budget projects a decrease of \$65,487,122 (30.87%). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in all of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2023-2024 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have decreased by \$8,028,760 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 898 over the past two years. Growth of 547 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2023-2024.

- ¹ Financial information for 2024, 2022, and 2021 are included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.
- ² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained within the General Fund.
- ³ Due to the consolidation of Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund and Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures.
- ⁴ Long-term liabilities are related to governmental activities and do not include business-type activities.
- ⁵ Excludes charter school ADA.

Hemet Unified School District Schedule of Charter Schools Year Ended June 30, 2023

Name of Charter School	Charter Number	Included in Audit Report
Western Center Academy	1144	Yes

Hemet Unified School District Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Student Activity Fund	Charter Schools Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Due from other funds Stores inventories	\$ 1,867,702 - - - 56,948	\$ 2,547,314 742,441 669,613	\$ 8,409 160,572 508	\$ 1,551,746 379,046 985,846 	\$ 3,854,972 2,649,038 72,845 937,679
Total assets	\$ 1,924,650	\$ 3,959,368	\$ 169,489	\$ 2,916,638	\$ 7,514,534
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ - - -	\$ 336,880 1,049,076 	\$ 9,027 22,697 	\$ 115,291 78,919 2,010,338	\$ 53,666 131,129
Total liabilities		1,385,956	31,724	2,204,548	184,795
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned	56,948 1,867,702 	- 2,573,412 -	137,765 	- 712,090 -	937,879 6,391,860
Total fund balances	1,924,650	2,573,412	137,765	712,090	7,329,739
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,924,650	\$ 3,959,368	\$ 169,489	\$ 2,916,638	\$ 7,514,534

Hemet Unified School District Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Due from other funds Stores inventories	\$ 31,313,266 2,193,576 325,234	\$ 13,456,153 258,435 - -	\$ 6,601,910 - - - -	\$ 28,286,067 - - - -	\$ 1,137 - - -	\$ 89,488,676 6,383,108 2,054,046 994,627
Total assets	\$ 33,832,076	\$ 13,714,588	\$ 6,601,910	\$ 28,286,067	\$ 1,137	\$ 98,920,457
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 3,258,520 - -	\$ 1,012,847 - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 4,786,231 1,281,821 2,010,338
Total liabilities	3,258,520	1,012,847				8,078,390
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned	- 30,573,556 -	- - 12,701,741	- 6,601,910 -	- 28,286,067 	1,137 	994,827 77,145,499 12,701,741
Total fund balances	30,573,556	12,701,741	6,601,910	28,286,067	1,137	90,842,067
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 33,832,076	\$ 13,714,588	\$ 6,601,910	\$ 28,286,067	\$ 1,137	\$ 98,920,457

	Student Activity Charter Schools Fund Fund		Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	
Revenues Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ - - - 2,395,815	- 37,357 - 2,678,289		\$ - 133,973 2,414,064 33,792	\$ - 15,542,217 4,138,705 12,968	
Total revenues	2,395,815	12,272,297	838,911	2,581,829	19,693,890	
Expenditures Current						
Instruction Instruction-related activities	-	5,880,257	504,570	1,590,110	-	
Supervision of instruction	-	3,613	-	206,389	-	
School site administration Pupil services	-	1,017,675	295,466	124,771	-	
Food services	-	3,377	-	2,368	14,519,174	
All other pupil services Administration	-	313,680	7,958	201	-	
All other administration	-	436,794	38,479	177,001	479,077	
Plant services	-	1,598,974	146	42,566	318,959	
Ancillary services	2,290,826	343,034	-	-	-	
Facility acquisition and construction Debt service	-	-	-	299,755	117,252	
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest and other						
Total expenditures	2,290,826	9,597,404	846,619	2,443,161	15,434,462	

	Student Activity Fund		Charter Schools Fund		Adult Education Fund		Child Development Fund		Cafeteria Fund
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	104,989	\$	2,674,893	\$	(7,708)	\$	138,668	\$ 4,259,428
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Other sources - proceeds on general obligation bonds issuances Other sources - premium on general obligation bonds issuances Transfers out		- - -		46,794 - - (802,309)		- - -		-	- - - (316,167)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(755,515)		-		-	(316,167)
Net Change in Fund Balances		104,989		1,919,378		(7,708)		138,668	3,943,261
Fund Balance - Beginning		1,819,661		654,034		145,473		573,422	 3,386,478
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,924,650	\$	2,573,412	\$	137,765	\$	712,090	\$ 7,329,739

	Capi Facili Fur	ties	Special R Fund for Outlay P	Capital	Fund for Comp	Projects Blended conent nits	Boi Interes Redem Fui	st and option	Fund fo Com	Service r Blended ponent nits	Total Non-Majo Governmen Funds	
Revenues	خ		خ		č		~		Ś		ć 0.700 <i>1</i>	252
Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	-	\$ 8,798,2 15,713,5	
Other State sources		_		-		-	1	- 56,001		-	10,212,	
Other local sources	13 33	- 39,273		- 54,127	3 .	- 747,369		72,019		2,767	39,029,	
Total revenues	13,33	39,273	5	4,127	3,	747,369	18,8	28,020		2,767	73,754,2	298
Expenditures												
Current												
Instruction		-		-		-		-		-	7,974,9	937
Instruction-related activities												
Supervision of instruction		-		-		-		-		-	210,0	002
School site administration		-		-		-		-		-	1,437,9	912
Pupil services												
Food services		-		-		-		-		-	14,524,9	919
All other pupil services		-		-		-		-		-	321,8	839
Administration												
All other administration	40	02,838		-		-		-		-	1,534,3	189
Plant services		72	43	38,572		-		-		-	2,399,2	289
Ancillary services		-		-		-		-		-	2,633,8	860
Facility acquisition and construction	5,86	54,246	4,28	37,608		-		-		-	10,568,	861
Debt service												
Principal		-		-		-	•	30,000		465,000	10,995,0	
Interest and other							7,8	28,898	1,	528,237	9,357,	135
Total expenditures	6,26	57,156	4,72	26,180		_	16,3	58,898	3,	993,237	61,957,9	943

	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 7,072,117	\$ (4,672,053)	\$ 3,747,369	\$ 2,469,122	\$ (3,990,470)	\$ 11,796,355
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Other sources - proceeds on general	859,893	4,177	-	-	3,991,602	4,902,466
obligation bonds issuances Other sources - premium on general	-	-	-	406,872	-	406,872
obligation bonds issuances Transfers out	<u> </u>	-	- (817,274)	2,095,629	- -	2,095,629 (1,935,750)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	859,893	4,177	(817,274)	2,502,501	3,991,602	5,469,217
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,932,010	(4,667,876)	2,930,095	4,971,623	1,132	17,265,572
Fund Balance - Beginning	22,641,546	17,369,617	3,671,815	23,314,444	5	73,576,495
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 30,573,556	\$ 12,701,741	\$ 6,601,910	\$ 28,286,067	\$ 1,137	\$ 90,842,067

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or fund balance of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate.

Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2023, the District had no food commodities in inventory.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District has met its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46207.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

These schedules are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balances Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.



Independent Auditor's Reports June 30, 2023

Hemet Unified School District



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Governing Board Hemet Unified School District Hemet, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hemet Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 29, 2024.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 1 and Note 17 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, for the year ended June 30, 2023. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the governmental activities net position as of July 1, 2022, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Ede Sailly LLP

February 29, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Governing Board Hemet Unified School District Hemet, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hemet Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Esde Sailly LLP

February 29, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

To the Governing Board Hemet Unified School District Hemet, California

Report on Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Hemet Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the requirements specified in the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), and the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2022-2023 *Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures
2022-2023 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Performed
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below

2022-2023 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, see below
Middle or Early College High Schools	No, see below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
Independent Study Certification for ADA Loss Mitigation	Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No, see below
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes, see below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No, see below
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Mode of Instruction	Yes
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Yes
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Yes

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program.

We did not perform Juvenile Court Schools procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

We did not perform Middle or Early College High Schools procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

We did not perform Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

The District did not elect to operate as a school district of choice; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to District of Choice.

We did not perform California Clean Energy Jobs Act procedures because the related procedures were performed in a previous year.

The District does not offer a Before School Education and Safety Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Before School Education and Safety Program.

The District does not offer an Independent Study - Course Based program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Independent Study - Course Based Program.

We did not perform procedures for the Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study nor for Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction because the Charter School is classroom-based.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Ed Saelly LLP

February 29, 2024



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2023

Hemet Unified School District

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major program

Material weaknesses identified

No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)

Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number

No

 Special Education Cluster (IDEA)
 84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.173A

 COVID-19: Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)
 84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U, 84.425W

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs \$1,948,158

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

State Compliance

Internal control over state compliance programs

Material weaknesses identified

No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for programs Unmodified

None reported.

Hemet Unified School District Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

None reported.

Hemet Unified School District State Compliance Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

None reported.

There were no audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.